

The Cecil Gazette.

And Farmers' and Mechanics' Advertiser.

THE BLESSINGS OF GOVERNMENT, LIKE THE DEWS OF HEAVEN, SHOULD DESCEND ALIKE UPON THE RICH AND THE POOR.—*Johnson.*

BY HENRY BOSEE.

ELKTON, MD. SATURDAY MORNING, FEBRUARY 7, 1835.

VOL. I—NO. 25.

TERMS.

The *Cecil Gazette* and *Mechanics' Advertiser*, is published every Saturday morning, at Two Dollars, in advance, or Two Dollars and Fifty Cents, if not paid within three months from the receipt of the first paper. Subscriptions will not be taken for less than six months. No paper will be discontinued until all arrears are paid, unless at the option of the editor; and the failure to order a discontinuance previously to the expiration of the time hereby subscribed for, will be considered as a new engagement.

Advertisements not exceeding a square will be published three times for one dollar; and five cents for every subsequent insertion. Larger ones in proportion.

A reasonable remuneration made to those who advertise by the year.

Persons sending advertisements will mark the number of times they wish them inserted; otherwise they will be continued till forbid, and charged accordingly.

All communications to the editor must be POST PAID.

POETRY.

[From the Christian Messenger.]
INVOCATION TO RELIGION.
"Come not in terror clad to claim"
A home within my heart—
Come not with sullen voice to bid
Hope's beaming smile depart,
Nor let thine eyes in anger roll
To shake with awful doubts the soul
Unwillingly—unreluctantly,
Dark being! would I open my breast,
To welcome thee so sweet a guest,
For wearily—oh wearily
Life drags, by cruel doubt oppress'd!
What need to fright poor mortal's heart
With Hell's terrific power?
Why tell the crying child of earth
Of horrors, such as those
That often from thy tottering tongue
In bold, blasphemous words are flung,
Till fearfully—unequally,
Flames of Almighty wrath arise,
Before the maniac listener's eyes,
And frantically—desperately—
A poor self-murderer he dies!

Not thus to me—not thus to me,
Be thy revealing made,
Lest on my brain the fearful hand
Of frenzy should be laid;
But clothed in gentleness and love—
Thou messenger of worlds above!
Come quietly—come peacefully,
And fresh from heavenly fountains shed
The living waters on my head—
Then joyfully—ah joyfully!
My soul shall greet thy coming tread.

Come with the meek and lowly smile
The blest Redeemer wore,
And with deep devotion, be
Religion seen no more!
Let me not bow my knee to God
Like the dull slave that fears the rod;
But trusting—confidently—
Teach me, through Faith, to lift mine eyes
Up to my Father's house on high,
Where gloriously and blessedly,
We all shall dwell no more to die!

C. M. S.

MISCELLANEOUS.

[From the New York Transcript.]
LET HIM, WHO IS CRAB, BE CRAB STILL.
So says the Legislature at Albany.—
And the ungracious decision compels us to acknowledge that we were mistaken the other day in saying that Mr. Isaac Crab had changed his crabbed name for the more agreeable one of Harrison. We regret ever to be under the necessity, in our editorials, of going, like a crab, backwards; and especially does it grieve us, in the present instance, to be obliged to unsay what we said in relation to the change of name of Mr. Isaac Crab, since we have become acquainted with the very tender and delicate motives which induced Mr. Crab to desire that change of name.

There was a woman in the case. It was not for himself that Mr. Isaac Crab desired to get rid of his uncouth cognomen. It was for the sake of his dear daughter. So it appears from the debate in the Senate. That body had just rejected the bill to change the name of Samuel H. Newell to the heroic one of Stark, on the ground that this case came immediately under the rule of the Senate to change no name unless it would evidently advance the pecuniary interests of the applicant.

The bill to change the name of Mr. Crab was objected to on the same ground. To meet this objection, Mr. Bigsby said he did not deem the rule binding on the Senate. He hoped the Senate would pass the bill. Mr. Crab intimates in his petition that his name prevents the consummation of his earthly bliss. The lady who possesses his affections was quite well calculated to make him happy; but while she accedes to his personal attractions, his name carries with it so many disagreeable associations, that she is unwilling to assume it.

Mr. Young said the lady was not fond of fish.

Mr. LANSING said, that a few years ago a Mr. Codd applied to the Legislature to have his name changed, and when the bill was before the Senate in Committee, it was moved to change it by adding fish to it, so as to give him the name of Codd-fish. He was decidedly opposed to gratifying the whims or caprices of any individuals by changing their names.

In opposing the bill, Mr. McDONALD said it would be setting bad precedents, and opening a door for innumerable applications. And he facetiously addressed some instances, as applied to the names of his brother Senators, wherein applications on a similar ground might be made, to the great annoyance of legislation.

After some further conversation, the bill was rejected, 12 to 9.

Now let us imagine for a moment what must be the end so put to this ungainly rejection. Mr. Isaac Crab goes to visit his Dulcinea. He knocks at the door with a trembling hand; and while he is waiting for it to be opened, he fancies he hears her say, "If you're Crab, stay out!" It is presently admitted; and his mistress, with a doubtful expression of countenance, says, "Am I to address you as Mr. Harrison, or Mr. ———? I can't speak the odious name—or Mr. ———?"

"Crab, madam, my name is still Crab; I am sorry to say it for your sake and for mine. But the Legislature have decreed my suit. But will you also, my Dulcinea, persist in denying it? Will you ———?"

"Don't stir up to me. I can't bear a critter that goes sideways. Keep your claws off of me."

"Ah, cruel! Shall no young Crabs climb upon our knees to share our affections and our kisses?"

"No! I'll have no such critters poking about me. The very thought makes me crawl all over. I wonder the Legislature could be so unreasonable. I'm sure they must be all married men, or incorrigible old bachelors."

"Whatever they may be, there is no hope from them at all. But why should a mere name separate two persons whose hearts are fully united?"

"Any other man could abide—but to think of sleeping with a ———?"

"We shall both be Crabs together."

"Not by a jugful, ha! ha! I told you often enough."

"Is that your ultimatum then? Must I recede? Must I retrograde? Must I advance backwards?"

"Must you? Yes. Critics of your species are used to going backwards."

"Farewell, then, most lovely, cruel woman. Farewell most prejudiced, un pitying woman. Farewell to all the anticipations of joy and delights of matrimony. Incontinently will I drown myself. I'll make my bed in the deep, deep waters with my fellow Crabs."

"Tien all ye lovers, when you go
A fishing in the sea,
And find a Crab upon your hook,
Then think, O think of me."

I died because I was a Crab,
My love was crabbed too.
And yet that would not be a Crab,
For all that I could do.

Ah, crabbed fate! what boy's bones
Threats rest no marble slab;
I lie under a name and stones,
A poor forgotten Crab."

JACK AND HARRY.

Jack.—All this, Harry, don't convince me. I do not like the principle of total abstinence. I think ardent spirits a creature of God, and that we should therefore use it as a blessing.

Harry.—I admit Jack, the corn and fruit are creatures of God. But gold and silver, too, are creatures of God, and yet you don't think Aaron's staff and the silver shewbrom were made to the God-given Diana were creatures of God, do you? Jack? If not, then you see that creatures of God may by man be converted to a bad use. The corn is a blessing while a creature of God, but so soon as it is converted into man's creature, whiskey, it becomes a curse instead of a blessing. The same may be said of the peach and apple. While it remains the simple fruit, it is truly delightful and pleasant to the taste; but when man murders it by beating, bruising, and boiling, and thus changing its nature as a creature of God, it may then become poisonous, and prove noxious to the souls and bodies of men.

A man was travelling through a part of our neighbouring town of Tewsbury, where the earth rears to yield any increase, and he espied a spot on which an attempt had been made to grow Indian corn. After looking long and intently at a forest of stunted millens of *idone genus* of useless plants, he exclaimed, "Well I guess it must be a pretty darned scorching frost that would find out that 'ere corn."

[From Fraser's Magazine.]
THE YOUTH, THE SERPENT, THE COW, AND THE FOX.
An Arabian youth, mounted according to the custom of his country, on a fleet and sure footed camel, was journeying over the vast desert of Karaman, in pursuit of the caravan, and arrived late one evening in the borders of a forest great as the power of Allah, and extensive as the plain of destruction. The travellers had proceeded onwards, and on leaving their last halting place, some negligent watch had omitted to extinguish his fire. The sparks being still alive, and a western gale springing up, had fanned them into a flame, which spreading rapidly set the forest on fire in a blaze. The youth arrested in his progress was gazing on the awful spectacle before him, when on a sudden the voice of lamentation reached his ear.

He looked about and beheld, at a little distance from him, surrounded by the flames, and shivering in the agony of death, bound and fastened as he was in the fetters of the flames.

On observing the approach of the traveller, the serpent lifted up his voice and said, "O youth! pity my miserable condition, and although we are, it is true, natural enemies, yet extend a helping hand, and save me from the wretched fate, which, without assistance, instantly awaits me."

The youth had drunk deep of the bitter cup of adversity, and from experience had learned the value of kindness and compassion. He said, "Although we are taught the maxim, that to serve the wicked is to injure the good, yet thy condition is so deplorable, and thy destruction so sure unless I help thee, that I will, for thy deplorable condition, do thee good." Having said this, he fixed his wallet to the end of his spear, and stretching out the hand of assistance, desired the serpent to take speedy advantage of the means of escape offered to him.

The serpent lost no time in coiling himself up in the big, and was drawn safely out of his perilous situation.

"Go," said the youth, "wherever thy inclination may lead thee, and henceforward, out of gratitude for the service now rendered thee, abstain from injuring man."

"What!" asked the serpent, "dost thou require me to abandon the dictates of my very nature? Knowest thou not that there is an inherent principle fixed within me which bids my commands—me to do all the harm I can to every son of man? I cannot and will not give up that disposition which was planted within me by my creator; and still I will not from this spot, till I have instilled my deadly fangs into thee and thy camel?"

"Did I not bid thee, this instant," replied the youth, "render thee an important service? And among what class of God's creatures is it the custom to return evil for good? and with what tribe is it held right to slay the pure stream of kindness and affection with the foul drops of cruelty and ingratitude?"

"Is this the practice of your men," said the serpent, "and dost thou to render a service is abstractedly considered to do good, yet when misapplied, as in the present instance, it becomes a sin. I will therefore punish your presumption and folly, that your example may be a warning to others. I will sell you the very article I purchased in your market, you will surely buy for once that which you sell all the year."

The youth in great alarm, bent the knee in supplication to the earth, but compassion was a stranger to the adamant heart of the serpent, who called out, "Prepare quickly, and say whether I shall bite thee first, or the beast?"

"The youth repeated that it was most unjust and cruel to return evil for good, defied the serpent to prove, by credible witnesses, that such was the practice of mankind; adding that if the snake should really produce evidence in support of his proposition, he would cast aside the mantle of hope, and hold out the hand of despair to be bitten by him."

"Well then," said the serpent, "let us refer our dispute to the cow grazing in your meadow?"

The youth went, and had no sooner asked the cow what was the usual return for good, than she replied, "If you ask me what is the practice of man, I must unhesitatingly tell you it is evil. I myself was for a long time in the possession of a young man, and evening I supplied him with milk, and butter, and year after year I brought forth a calf, which he sold to supply the wants of his family. At length, from increase of years, my milk dried and I lost the power of bearing young. My tyrant master no longer received me with milk and butter, but he sold me to a butcher, who drove me from his yard, to seek for food and shelter he cared not where. I strayed into this plain and being unfettered and

at my ease, I have regained somewhat of my former fat and sleek appearance. It was but yesterday, that my master passed this way, and observing the improvement in my condition, actually sold me to his butcher, and to-morrow I am to be led to the slaughter-house. Such is the return man makes for good!"

"Prepare thyself quickly!" said the serpent.

"To condemn, answered the dismayed youth, 'upon the testimony of a single witness, is contrary to our most holy law; produce another, and then act as you desire.'"

They were standing near a tree, and they appealed to it. The tree instantly gave its testimony against man, and said, "I have sprung up as you see me, in this desolate place; and here standing upon one stem, and occupying but a small portion of God's earth. I am ever at the service of passers by: I spread out my branches in every direction, to afford shade and shelter to the scorched and wearied traveller. Often have I saved a wretched, miserable man, who, but for my timely aid, must have sunk under the burning rays of the sun. Mark the result: he no longer begins to derive the advantage of my assistance, and to recover from the fatigue of his journey, even while he is yet reposing under the shade; I cheerfully give him, then he looks above and around him, saying, how gracefully you branch! it will serve me for a bow. This limb, how beautiful! how straight! I will have it for a handle to my spear. He then, regardless of the injury he inflicts, severs them from my body, and so recompenses me for the service I have rendered him, I am thinking how I can best afford him shelter, while he is meditating upon the readiest way to tear me up by the roots."

"There now," exclaimed the serpent, "are the two witnesses you required; prepare instantly to meet your fate."

"Life," answered the youth, "is dear to all, give me one chance more, and I will produce yet another witness, I will resist no longer, but will then submit to the will of God."

It happened that a fox was standing near, and was listening with great attention to their dispute. "We will ask the fox," said the serpent; "and when he pronounces judgment against thee, I will delay no longer."

Before the young man could put his question, the fox shouted, "Man always returns evil for good; but pray sir, what service do you pretend to have rendered the snake, that you shall have made your own blood to be punishment?"

"The youth related all that had passed. 'You appear an intelligent person,' answered the fox, 'why, therefore, do you state what is so contrary to reason and common sense? You know it ill becomes a wise man to advance any thing that is opposed to truth and justice.'"

"The snake assured the fox that the words of the young man were true, and directed his attention to the leg hanging at the saddle bow, by means of which he had been drawn out of the flames.

"Now," said the fox, "I know thou speakest truth, and with an aching heart he stopped to cast a wistful look towards his father-land. Burnished bayonets glittered in the sun-beams upon their native plains—cities reared their lofty spires along the shores where the fires once blazed—the sails of commerce whited the mighty rivers and lakes where erst he paddled the bark canoe—and the towering forest fell prostrate before the woodman's sturdy stroke. Farewell, ye once happy and peaceful abodes! he exclaimed; and with a heavy heart and measured tread moved on.

"Years were space. I looked again, and saw an Indian standing upon a rugged cliff that overhung the great Pacific. He was the last of his race—the only remaining memento of a once powerful and magnificent nation! His form was emaciated, his countenance pale and wasted, and his hair wild and matted. The weight of years was upon his brow; the cadence of his once musical voice was weak and sepulchral, the tear of despair started from his languid eyes, and he wept. The wind howled in mournful requiem over the gloomy prospect that lay before him, while old ocean rolled in terrific grandeur behind. Memory wakes him from the long sleep of years, and he casts a hasty glance towards his father's hermitage, where once he joined the native dance and pursued the startled deer—where the bones of his ancestors bleached and withered upon their own native hills. As he continues to gaze, the fire of youthful vigor begins again to kindle in his bosom; his eyes too begin to sparkle as the scenes of other days recur to his mind; and he almost conceives that the fate of his countrymen and the story of their wrongs are only the horrid vision of a mad man. With stern eyes and turned homeward,

he continues to gaze; and with a strong voice of hope he exclaims, 'where are they?' He listens—the tones of his voice sound through the surrounding mountains—presently he hears the voice of an answer—'Where are they?' Now he begins to realize all the horrors of his situation. He turns around to look at the setting sun, and then he looks to weep! "Oh, my country!" he ejaculates, "my prostrate and degraded country!—The white man has robbed me of my country, and exterminated my countrymen!—Sons of the great and good!—I come to dwell with you in the spirit land." So saying, he gave a savage and deafening yell, and, like one unused to fear, he vaulted high in air, and plunging headlong down the craggy steep into the foaming ocean. He struggled for a moment with the flood—the waves rolled over him, and like a shipwrecked mariner, he sunk to rise no more!

But will this blot out forever the Indian's name?—will this be the last we shall hear of this and the mournful history?—will the recollections of this daring people be forever erased from the evening pages of memory? No! When the bones of their cruel persecutors shall have dissolved in their native dust—when their names shall have been forgotten and swallowed up in the dark waters of oblivion, the history of the Indian will still live in the recollections of posterity; it will still be the subject of praise and paenegyric, and form the theme of discussion for both orators and historians. His deeds of noble during will live in song and story until the sun shall forget to shine, and the twinkling stars shall have worn out their lustre, and the story of his wrongs will be told around many a fireside where children shall catch the melancholy tale, and transmit it from generation, down to the latest posterity.—What! forget the Indian? No, never!

"His spirit wraps the misty mountain,
His memory sparkles o'er the mountain,
The meadow ring—the mightiest hero,
Rolls mingling with his name forever."

—*Quaker Ready.*—Mr. Sergeant, in giving a Temperance Lecture to the Bostonians, some time since, related the following anecdote.

A moderate drinking landlord, one who gave to almost every customer who came in, an example of moderate drinking, was harnessing the horse of a Quaker, who had stopped at his house, and as he met with some difficulty in buckling a strap, complained of the badness of his eyes, which were covered by a pair of goggles. As a Quaker manifested an interest in his customer, the landlord removing the goggles, and submitting the swollen and inflamed balls to the examination of his customer, begged him to tell him what he had better do for them. "My advice, friend," replied the Quaker, "is that thou shouldst put thy bridle on thy eyes, and tie thy goggles over thy mouth."

THE INFIDEL MOTHER.
By Chateaubriand.
How is it possible to conceive that a woman can be an atheist? What shall I say up this red religion does not sustain her? the footstep being in nature even on the eve of death, or loss of her charms, which shall support her in her hopes to be extended beyond an ephemeral existence? For the sake of her beauty alone, woman should be pious. Gentleness, submission, suavity, tenderness, constitute part of the charms which the creator bestowed on this kind infidelity is a mortal foe.

Small woman, who talk of delight in concealment—who never discloses more than half of her good graces and of her thoughts, whom heaven formed for virtue, modesty and love—shall woman renouncing the engaging influence of her sex, presume with rash and feeble hands to attempt to withdraw the thick veil which conceals the Divinity? When dost she think to please by an affectation so absurd and disgusting? Does she hope by adding her petty and frivolous metaphysics to the imprecations of a Spinosa and the sophistry of a Bayle, to give us a higher idea of her genius? Without the aid of those thoughts of marriage, for what sensible man would unite himself for life to an impious partner!

The infidel wife has seldom any idea of her duties; she spends her days either in reasoning on virtue without practicing its precepts, or in the enjoyment on the tasteless pleasures of the world.

But the day of vengeance approaches; time arrives leading age by the hand. The spectre with icy hair and silver hands, places himself on the threshold of the female atheist; she perceives him & shrinks aloof. Who is that spectre? 'Tis her husband! She has now, long, long, he has withdrawn from the theatre

THE LAST INDIAN.
I looked, and lo! I beheld a great Convent. Its length extended from Cape Horn to the North Pole; its eastern side was washed by the wrathful surge of the Atlantic, and the waters of the Pacific dashed in angry billows against its western shore. Mountains piled on mountains, reaching their eternal summits in the clouds, arose between delightful and extensive plains and majestic lakes studded her whole domain; while her mighty rivers wended their way through the tall forest, and rolled in solitary grandeur down her deep and fertile valleys.

While I was yet gazing, my eye caught the glimpse of a tall and stately figure, as it glided across a distant plain. It was an Indian—him

—Whose untutored mind
Sees God in clouds, or hears him in the wind.
His manly form was naked, except his waist, which was girded round with a strip of leopard skin; his bended bow hung across his shoulder, and his quiver was suspended by his side. I watched him as he approached the base of the mountain, my eye rested on him as, with the fluency of an arrow, he ascended its rugged side, and reached the summit in safety.

From this elevated station he looked down upon the sunlit valley below, where the smoke ascended in mystic wreaths from the rude wigwags of his kindred. A dark and portentous cloud began to gather in the far-off west; the heavens were shrouded in darkness, and the troubled elements began their frightful ragings. He heard the distant thunder from every cloud, and streaming down his formidable front; still he remained unmoved! The dark and threatening clouds moved on, and the winds and tempest ceased their fearful howlings.—With delight he gazed on the clear blue sky that again sparkled over his head.—With thankful gratitude he discovered the range of the Great Spirit in the lingering rays of the setting sun, and a keen and penetrating glance at the unbounded prospect, surveyed himself, and with a voice of exultation exclaimed, "I am the sole unquarrelled monarch of this Western world."

Agnes passed away; the wheels of time moved on. The Indian guarded the graves of his ancestors—hunted the deer and squirrel, participated in the sports and festivities of his tribe, and was happy, but of a pilgrim bark, deep freighted from the east, came to his shores.—The pale face came, and lo!
"His hand he laid [his]
On hill, and dale, and stream, and called them
Then the animated chase, the feast of joy, the thrilling sound of the war-whoop—all were departed. The land that once knew him knew him no more. He had to forsake the home of his infancy, the graves of his fathers, and the hunting grounds over which he had so often bounded in pursuit of prey, to penetrate into the western wilds, where human footsteps had never sounded, where human speech had never been heard. With an aching heart he stopped to cast a wistful look towards his father-land. Burnished bayonets glittered in the sun-beams upon their native plains—cities reared their lofty spires along the shores where the fires once blazed—the sails of commerce whited the mighty rivers and lakes where erst he paddled the bark canoe—and the towering forest fell prostrate before the woodman's sturdy stroke. Farewell, ye once happy and peaceful abodes! he exclaimed; and with a heavy heart and measured tread moved on.

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"Papa," said a little urchin to his father the other day, "I saw a printer go down the street just now."
"Did you, my son?—how did you know that the person whom you have seen is a printer?"
"Cause I saw, papa."
"But he might have been a carpenter, a blacksmith, a shoemaker, or—"
"Oh no, papa—he was a printer, for he had no stockings on; his crown was out of his hat;—his old coat was all torn—I'm certain he was a printer."

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MISSOURI.—The Legislature of Missouri have nominated Martin Van Buren for the Presidency, and Thomas H. Benton for the Vice Presidency.

CECIL GAZETTE.

ELKTON: FEBRUARY 7, 1855.

ATTEMPT TO ASSASSINATE THE PRESIDENT.

By reference to another column of our paper, it will be seen that a plot was attempted to assassinate the President of the United States while he was attending the obsequies of the late VANCE R. Davis of South Carolina. What could have been the villain's motive, it is impossible to divine. Most probably his desperate enemies were known to some honorable Senators, who, envying the man they cannot imitate, and witnessing the inefficiency of their paucity, sought the Roman virtue of the Provost Marshal, and he it is very ambitious man, he may have been with the thought that he is "determined to assassinate him."

Had such an outrage been committed in our village, we think the patriotic inclination of the citizens would have prevented a partisan Judge from holding the assassin to the petty bail of \$1000.

JOHN C. CALHOUN.—Time was when this individual stood high in public estimation.—Possessing talents of the brightest order, there was no office in the gift of the people beyond the reach of his honorable ambition. But that time has gone by—in an evil hour the tempter came, seduced his principles, and implanted in his breast the disorganizing and odious seeds of nullification. They took deep root, and fatality has marked their progress. From being the first he became the liberal opponent, and finally the most decided enemy of the present administration. He strives to convert the idea that he is a "poor man," and yet every speech delivered by him during the present session, is marked by feelings of the deepest partisan character. Once the pride and ornament of his country, he is now the veriest slave to "party" that walks beneath the canopy of heaven.—Such is a brief epitome of the political career of John C. Calhoun. What an instructive lesson to a misguided and ambitious politician!

THE NEW RAIL-ROAD.

The exploration of the country between Wilmington, Del. and North East, in this county, has been completed, and we understand that Mr. Strickland, the Engineer, speaks very favorably of the ground for rail-road purposes, and that the expense will not exceed \$600,000, for the whole distance, which does not exceed 27 miles.

Obituary.

Obituary B. Brown, Chief Clerk of the Post Office Department, has resigned. His prominent reason for so doing was, that some of the friends of the administration were desirous that he should resign after what had been said against him in the reports of the Senate Committee.—He says he does not know what these reports charge, but he stands ready to vindicate himself from the slightest imputation.

PORT DEPOSIT.

Resolved, That the Committee on Commerce be instructed to inquire into the expediency of establishing a port of entry at Port Deposit in the State of Maryland.

APPOINTMENTS BY THE PRESIDENT.

By and with the advice and consent of the Senate, Edward D. Ingraham, Charles McCalister, Levi Ellmaker, and Stephen Allen, to be Directors in behalf of the United States, in the Bank of the United States, for the year 1855.

The request of our fair correspondent.

shall be attended to next week. It was not received in time for this paper.

We find the following paragraph in the New Orleans Bee of the 14th.

"Salvatore was yesterday in great demand among our Whig friends. The election of a Jackson Senator had come upon us so unexpectedly the evening previous, it was not until the next morning that they were able to realize the whole extent of 'woe' consequent upon a pro-slavery vote. But we never did so disconsolate a set of fellows in our whole life. Wiggery is expiring in our State; in six months it won't be 'hearted on.'"

GOOD.—Among the crowd who surrounded the office of the N. Y. Times,

reading the account of the attempt to assassinate our venerable President, was one, a wretch or a fool, who exclaimed, "D—n him, I wish the fellow had shot him." The words had scarcely passed his lips before a gentleman, justly indignant at the remark, gave him a slap in the face that sent him reeling off the walk. A scuffle ensued, but the bystanders interfered, and the fellow finally apologized, declaring that he did not mean what he said.

Benjamin W. Leigh, was on Thursday the 29th ult., re-elected by the Legislature of Virginia, a Senator in Congress from that Commonwealth, for six years from the 4th of March next. His

majority was only four. Had the instructed delegates obeyed the wishes of their constituents, we should not have been further troubled with his rantings in the Senate Chamber.

The French Treaty.

"The Paris correspondent of the London Standard, under date of the 28th December, holds the following language respecting our treaty:—"The question of the twenty-five millions of francs to be paid by France to the United States of America will soon (in a few days) come again upon the tapis. Until it shall be decided, Mr. Livingston the American Minister, keeps himself shut up from French society and will not allow of any visits to him, nor will he return any. The message of President Jackson will, it is expected, speak out in the most decided terms on this subject, and that speech is waited for by the government with great anxiety. But are there to be large amounts of money to be paid to the United States? The law project, or at any rate reduce the sum to be voted to twelve or fifteen millions."

MARYLAND LEGISLATURE.

In the Senate, a bill entitled, a further supplement to an act entitled, an act empowering and directing the commissioners of Cecil county to build two fire-proof offices for the use of the clerk and register of wills of said county, for the safe keeping of the records appertaining to their respective offices, in the town of Elkton, was read the first time, and referred to Messrs. Groome, Piquan and Houghton.

Mr. Groome, from the committee to which was referred the bill entitled, a further supplement to the act entitled, an act empowering and directing the commissioners of Cecil county to build two fire-proof offices for the use of the clerk and register of wills of said county, for the safe keeping of the records appertaining to their respective offices, in the town of Elkton, reported favorably thereon.

It was read the second time, and by special order the third time, and passed.

On motion of Mr. Groome, The bill entitled, a further supplement to an act entitled, an act for quieting possessions, enrolling conveyances, and securing the estates of purchasers, was read the first time by special order, and passed.

Mr. Harlan presented a petition of sundry citizens of Cecil county, praying that the Nottingham Library Company, of that county, may be furnished with copies of the act of assembly, &c. which was read and referred to the committee on education.

Mr. Scott reported a bill, entitled, a further supplement to an act, entitled, an act empowering and directing the commissioners of Cecil county, to build two fire-proof offices, for the use of the Clerk and Register of Wills, of said county, for the safe keeping of the records appertaining to their respective offices in the town of Elkton; which was read the first and second time by special order, passed and sent to the Senate.

Mr. Jones, of Somerset chairman of the committee on grievances and courts of justice, reported a bill, entitled, an act to require Justices of the Peace to compute the time for the stay of Execution under supersedeas, from the rendition of the judgment, which was read the first time and ordered to lie on the table.

Report of a Committee appointed BY THE SNOWHILL SUFFERERS.

We acknowledge to have received in behalf of the Committee for distributing relief to the sufferers from the snow, by the late fire at Snow Hill, the following sums:

From the citizens of Philadelphia,	\$4,500 00
From the citizens of Baltimore,	1,670 00
From the citizens of Lancaster, Pa.	368 98
From the citizens of Smyrna, Del.	72 00
From the M. E. Church, Wilmington, Del.	51 83
From the M. E. Church, Elkton, Md.	50 00
From the Hon. Isaac McKim, from Jas. W. Williams, Harford county, Md.	10 00
From Dr. Thomas Holmes, Accomack county, Va., to be distributed by a member of the Committee, in cash and provisions,	20 00
From Hon. H. P. C. Wilson, Senate, Md.	16 00
From the Citizens of Vienna, Dorchester county, Md.	40 00
From Jos. M. Fooks, Worcester county, Md.	11 25
Total,	\$6,869 56

JOHN S. MARTIN, IRVING SPENCE.

Snowhill, Jan. 24, 1855.

Church burnt by an incendiary.—St. Peter's Church, in the township of Pikesland, Chester County, Pa., was burnt to the ground on the 20th inst. the act, no doubt, of an incendiary. The building cost four or five thousand dollars, and the plate and organ worth \$1000, were destroyed with it. The trustees offered a reward of \$500 for the detection of the villain who did this atrocious deed, and a neighboring congregation have added \$50 more.

War Symptoms.—The New York

Star says—"Private advices from France give rise to the opinion that the new English ministry is not averse to the rejection of the indemnity treaty, and that an intrigue is on foot to defeat the appropriation. It is quite natural, that it does not follow that war with France will ensue. On a mere question of arrangements involving no national points of honor, corresponding measures may be taken by this country without hostilities of any kind. Great preparations for some event are making in the French arsenals, and a squadron is now at Hayti, ostensibly for other objects. Heavy ordnance has been sent down to New Orleans, and the Major General of this District has been ordered to inspect certain fortifications."

Massachusetts Senator.—John Davis,

Governor of Massachusetts, is elected to the part of the House of Representatives, Senator in Congress. On the 1st ballot he received 54 votes; on the 2d, 123; 3d, 177; 4th, 234; 5th, 314.

It is stated in the N. Y. Mirror of Saturday last,

that Mr. Butler will, in the course of the present week, be issued from the press of Carey & Lea, of Philadelphia—also that Mr. Kemble and his youngest daughter will visit this country for professional services during the ensuing summer.

Small Notes.—A correspondent of the Newark Daily Advertiser writing from Trenton, states that the bill to prohibit the issue and circulation of bank notes under five dollars, was passed in Council Monday afternoon.

His proposition goes into operation after the fourth day of July next. It will pass the House of Assembly, as it has strength on both sides of the house.

The Jackson Convention held on Friday at Middleton, Connecticut, nominated the Hon. Henry W. Edwards of New Haven, as their candidate for Governor, at the ensuing election.

A General Post Office.—Mr. Essex

Bay, in one of the Galapagos Islands, there is a cave, well secured against the weather, in which whalers, deposit their letters, sometimes for the information of any other whalers, and sometimes to be carried home by any returning hunter of the deep that chooses to pass by.—Since these have been known to go inland miles out of their course to visit this receptacle of intelligence. The facts strikingly illustrate the existence of a common bond among civilized nations.

The Irish use of the word convenient, for a weak leader, is an awkward turn of expression. Thus the *Care Chronicle* says:—"A young woman named Catharine McGuire, in the parish of Killmorna, left her house on Sunday last, and drowned herself in a shallow stream quite convenient."

Pretty fair.—The New England

(Hartford) Review, alluding to some call upon it for explanation by the Editor of a newspaper in that region called the "Times," thus commences with that worthy:

"We have only to say, that having once explained it to the comprehension of men of ordinary understanding, if it is still unintelligible to him, he ought to impute it to his own misfortune rather than our fault. His ing had no agency whatever in the construction of his intellect, we do not feel ourselves responsible for his obligation or malformation. He has our sympathies, but brains are not ours to give."

AN ENCAMPMENT.

Two Indians, one an aged man bearing the weight of sixty years, the other a youth, both from the neighboring grounds of the "far west," since the fall of autumn, now covers the earth with the mantle of winter, have bivouacked in the open field, within a few hundred yards of the turnpike leading from this place to the Susquehanna, about five miles from town. On being offered the shelter of a dismantled house by one of the neighbors, they declined, saying it would spoil them, and scraping themselves a resting place in the frozen bed of snow to wait their departure before they take up their march for their own country, and in the meantime, the winter has been a severe one, and the surrounding farmers' "white" have been shivering behind their comfortable stoves and complaining of the unprecedented severity of the weather, these "voices of the forest" bid defiance to the brumal blast and without a roof to shelter them or a fire to warm their chilled veins without without flinching the vigor of the season.—*Republican.*

Colder Yet.—A correspondent of the New Haven Herald says, a servant girl of his asked him on Monday, if he knew how cold it was. "He replied, 'I should think the thermometer must stand quite near zero.' " "I guess," says she, "it is more than that, for Miss L. told me it was 44 degrees below Nimitod."

The cholera is making great ravages at Potters and Rochester, but while the epidemic is increasing, dying in all directions, the priests and nuns are flocking into all the infected places and braving the danger with heroic courage.

N. O. Whig.

Divorces in New Jersey.—Matrimony

appears really upon the eve of breaking up house keeping" in New Jersey. The number of applications for divorces to the legislature now in session, has been by far all former example. Three petitions were presented in one day, during the last week. We are afraid that bad husbands and bad wives are more plentiful in New Jersey, than they should be.

BALTIMORE MARKET.

(Corrected from the Farmer of Tuesday)

Wheat, white, per bushel,	\$1.05 a 1 10
do. red,	82 a 84
Corn, yellow,	62 a 64
Corn, white,	62 a 64
Flour, best white wheat, per bushel,	6.00 a 6.50
Do. do. baker's,	5.50 a 6.00
Do. do. superfine,	4.75 a 5.00
Do. super Howard's best, per bushel,	4.20 a 4.50
Do. Sanguinans,	4.25 a 4.50
Oats,	30 a 35
Rye,	42 a 45
Beef, on hoof, per 100 lbs.,	5.75 a 5.75

FOR RENT.

Wm. Kingston Hotel.

THE Subscriber offers for rent the House where he now resides. The House possesses every convenience, and all under good repairs. Possession may be had on the 1st of March.

JOHN F. CAZIER.

Elkton, Feb. 7.

THIS IS TO GIVE NOTICE.

THAT the subscribers of Cecil county, have obtained from the Orphans' Court of said county, letters of administration on the personal estate of JOHN KEAR, late of said county, deceased.—All persons having claims against said deceased, are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers therefor, duly authenticated, on or before the 1st day of October, 1855; they may otherwise, by law, be excluded from all benefit of said estate. Persons indebted to said estate, are requested to make immediate payment to the subscribers. Given under our hands, this 7th day of February, 1855.

JOHN MCARD, Administrators.

THIS IS TO GIVE NOTICE.

THAT the subscribers of Cecil county, have obtained from the Orphans' Court of said county, letters of administration on the personal estate of JEFFERSON W. WHITE, late of said county, deceased.—All persons having claims against said deceased, are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers therefor, duly authenticated, on or before the 22nd day of October, 1855; they may otherwise, by law, be excluded from all benefit of said estate. Persons indebted to said estate, are requested to make immediate payment to the subscribers. Given under our hands, this 7th day of February, 1855.

JOHN MORGAN, Administrator.

THIS IS TO GIVE NOTICE.

THAT the subscriber of Cecil county, have obtained from the Orphans' Court of said county, letters of administration on the personal estate of Fielder Parker, late of said county, deceased.—All persons having claims against said deceased, are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers therefor, duly authenticated, on or before the 9th of November, 1855; they may otherwise, by law, be excluded from all benefit of said estate.—Persons indebted to said estate, are requested to make immediate payment to the subscriber. Given under my hand, this 7th day of February, 1855.

CHARLES W. PARKER, Executor.

THIS IS TO GIVE NOTICE.

THAT the subscriber of Cecil county, have obtained from the Orphans' Court of said county, letters of administration on the personal estate of Theodore Physick, late of said county, deceased.—All persons having claims against said deceased, are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers therefor, duly authenticated, on or before the 24th day of October, 1855; they may otherwise, by law, be excluded from all benefit of said estate. Persons indebted to said estate, are requested to make immediate payment to the subscriber. Given under my hand, this 7th day of February, 1855.

EDWARD EMMONS, Administrator.

THIS IS TO GIVE NOTICE.

THAT the subscriber, having obtained from the Orphans' Court of Cecil county, letters of administration on the personal estate of Mary Hudson, late of said county, deceased.—All persons having claims against said deceased, are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers therefor, duly authenticated, on or before the 11th of December, 1855; they may otherwise, by law, be excluded from all benefit of said estate.—Persons indebted to said estate, are requested to make immediate payment to the subscriber. Given under my hand, this 7th day of February, 1855.

MARY HUDSON, Administratrix.

Six Cents Reward.

RANAWAY from the subscriber on Sunday the 25th January last, a negro boy named GEORGE LEE, about sixteen years of age. Whoever takes up and returns said boy to me, shall receive the above reward but no charges paid.

SILAS HARDING.

IN CHANCERY.

29th January, 1855.

ORDERED. That the sale of the Real Estate of James Mackey, senr. deceased, made and reported by the Trustee, John S. Maffitt, be ratified and confirmed, unless cause be shown to the contrary on or before the 28th day of March next, a copy of this order be inserted once in each of three successive weeks, in some newspaper, before the 10th day of March next. The Report states the amount of sales to be \$5,562 50.

True copy. Test,

Feb. 7. RAMSAY WATERS, Reg. Cur. Can.

Amor T. Forwood,

Attorney at Law.

MAY always be found, and consulted upon professional business, at the office recently occupied by Levin Gale, Esq., Elkton, Cecil county, Maryland. Jan. 31.

Take Notice.

THE undersigned Commissioners, appointed by Cecil County Court, to value and divide the real estate of Lydia Lowry, late of said county, deceased, according to the acts of Assembly in such case made and provided, do hereby give notice to all whom it may concern, that they will meet on said real estate on SATURDAY the 7th day of March next, at 10 o'clock, P. M., to proceed in the business for which they were appointed.

PHILIP M. STEELE, WILLIAM PIERCE, NATHAN GRIFFITH, JOSH HAINES, MARK BROWN, Commissioners.

Jan. 31.

Take Notice.

THE undersigned Commissioners, appointed by Cecil County Court, to value and divide the real estate of Wm. Brown, late of said county, deceased, according to the acts of Assembly in such case made and provided, do hereby give notice to all whom it may concern, that they will meet on said real estate, on THURSDAY the 2d day of April next, at 11 o'clock, A. M., to proceed in the business for which they were appointed.

DANIEL TOLL, (of Daniel), CYRUS OLDFIELD, JOSEPH HARLAN, WILLIAM PIERCE, JOSEPH HAINES, Commissioners.

Jan. 31.

New Castle County,

in the State of Delaware, &c.

By virtue of an order of the Orphans' Court for the said County of New-Castle, will be exposed to Sale, at Public Vendue, on SATURDAY the fourteenth day of February next, at 2 o'clock in the afternoon, at the house of Andrew Bradley, in the Village of New-Ark, in White Clay Creek Hundred and County aforesaid, the following described lands and tenements: A lot of land situate in the Village of New-Ark aforesaid, described by metes and bounds as No. 2, in the return of seal-bidder appointed by the Orphans' Court of New-Castle County, to make partition of the lands, tenements and hereditaments of John Herdman, deceased, among the parties entitled, containing twelve acres, one rood and four perches of land, be the same more or less—A lot of land with road thereon, situate in Pencader Hundred, in the County aforesaid, described in the aforesaid return by metes and boundaries as No. 5, containing seven acres and fifteen perches of land, be the same more or less—A farm situate in White Clay Creek Hundred in the County aforesaid, within one mile of the village of New-Ark, on the road leading from New-Ark to Elkton, with the DWELLING-HOUSE, barn, stables, improvements and appurtenances thereto belonging, described by metes and bounds in the above mentioned return as No. 3, containing one hundred and three acres, two roods and twenty perches of land, be the same more or less. The vicinity of this property to the College of New-Ark and the other Seminaries of learning for both sexes in that place, its healthful situation and other advantages now unnecessary to enumerate, render it an object worthy the attention of seal-bidders having in view the education of their children, or the health of their families. The said lots and farm with the improvements and appurtenances being the Real Estate of John Herdman, deceased. And it is ordered by the Court, that the purchaser or purchasers must appear at the next Orphans' Court, that the Court may assign the land to him, her or them, on his, her or their paying the purchase money to the parties entitled to the same, or entering into recognizance before the said Court, with approved surety or sureties to pay the purchase money with interest, in such manner and time as the Court shall direct.—Attendance will be given, and the terms of sale made known, at the time and place aforesaid, by Andrew C. Gray, Esquire, trustee appointed by the Court to effect the said sale, or his Attorney.

By Order of the Orphans' Court, MATTHEW K. E. N. Clerk.

New-Castle, Jan. 31, 1855. 81

SHERIFF'S SALE.

BY virtue of two writs of venditioni exponas, issued out of Cecil County Court, at the suits of Samuel Rowland and John Carson, trading under the firm of Rowland & Carson, and the State of Maryland, use of James Smith, use of James Brinton, and to and directed, will be exposed to public sale, at the house of Abijah Fenn, in Conowingo, Cecil county, on SATURDAY the 21st day of February next,

all the right, title and estate of John Conrad, in and to all that Farm tract, or parcel of Land on which the said Conrad now resides, lying and being in Cecil County, adjoining lands of Patrick Boyle, Levin Nicholson, and others, containing two hundred Acres, be the same more or less, with the improvements thereon.

Seized and taken in execution as the property of said Conrad, and to be sold for Cash, to satisfy said writs and for officers' fees.

Sale to commence at 10 o'clock, A. M.

NOBLE PENNINGTON, Sheriff.

Jan. 31.

MARTIN VAN BUREN,

OF NEW YORK.

PROPOSALS for publishing the Biog-

raphy of the distinguished citizen, whose early habits of study, perseverance and application united with his upright character as a man, and his unwavering democratic principles, have propelled him onward, from the humblest walks, to fill many important stations in his native State, as well as in the General Government. By his adhering to the cause of the People, they have raised him to the second office in their gift; and if I mistake not the American character, he is destined still further to receive their confidence by being placed by them in that chair now filled by the illustrious JACKSON, with so much honor to himself, and causing at the same time a ray of national glory that will endure and increase in splendor for ages after the names of his revisers shall be as dust, to be remembered no more.

The work will make a neat volume of more than 100 pages, from the most authentic sources, including his masterly speech on the REVOLUTIONARY CLAIMS of the war-worn SOLDIERS, whose toil and sufferings secured the independence of the country.

The books will be ready for delivery prior to the adjournment of Congress, bound after the manner of the Biography of Col. R. M. Johnson, published by me. The price to be \$5 for 12 copies, or 50 cents single.

The various democratic friends into whose hands this Prospectus may fall, will give additional circulation to the work by obtaining such subscriptions as may be preferred within ten days, and return the same to the publisher.

W. EMMONS.

WASHINGTON CITY, Jan. 31st, 1855.

Democratic Editors copying the above, will receive two copies of the work.

WILLIAM HEWITT, Clerk.

Jan. 24.

Notice.

THE Commissioners of Cecil County will meet at their office in the Court-house, on MONDAY the 9th day of February next, to settle with Collectors and Supervisors, and any other business that may come before them. By order,

JOHN C. WATERS, Constable.

Jan. 24.

CONSTABLE'S SALE.

By virtue of two writs of fieri facias, issued by John Marshall, Esq. and to me directed, will be sold at public sale, on FRIDAY, the 13th day of February next, at the house of Mr. Abijah Fenn, in the town of Conowingo, all the right, title, interest and claim of John Conrad, in and to the FARM on which he now resides about two miles from said town, and sale to contain.

200 Acres of Land,

more or less. Seized and taken as the property of said Conrad, and to pay and satisfy judgments due to Isabella Hall, and costs thereon. Sale to take place at 12 o'clock.

JOHN C. WATERS, Constable.

Jan. 24.

Wanted,

A BOY to stand in a store, who can procure respectable recommendations as to honesty, morality, and sobriety. Such an one by applying to the subscriber residing in Charleston, will find immediate employment.

JOHN OWENS.

Jan. 17.—8w.

For Rent,

THE STORE AND DWELLING HOUSE, at present occupied by the subscriber at Marlton, on the Susquehanna River.

SARAH REYNOLDS.

Jan. 17.—8t

Magistrates' Blanks

FOR SALE AT THIS OFFICE.

RENSHAW & DAVIS, HAT MANUFACTURERS, (Successors to E. W. Uller.) No. 48 Pratt st., between Charles and Hanover sts. BALTIMORE.

THE Subscribers beg leave to inform their friends and the public, that they have taken the above stand, formerly occupied by E. W. Uller, in the same business, and by whom it was instructed in the above, and employed during his continuance in the business—consequently R. respectfully solicits a continuance of the custom of those who were pleased with the articles manufactured by the former. They intend keeping every thing in their line of the latest fashion, manufactured by themselves, and of the best materials. Gentlemen's FUR and SILK HATS of every kind; Youth's and Infants' FUR HATS; Ladies' BEAVER BONNETS of the best quality; Gentlemen's, Youth's, and Infants' CAPS, of every description.

Ladies' FURS of every kind to be obtained, of the best quality, and at the shortest notice.
RENSHAW & DAVIS.
Baltimore, Jan. 24—3w & 2

Dissolution of Partnership.

THE Subscribers heretofore trading under the firm of BROWN & SHANE, have this day, by mutual consent, dissolved partnership. All persons indebted to said firm will make payment to Henry Brown; and those having claims against it, will present them to him for payment.
HENRY BROWN.
PETER SHANE.

The business will be conducted hereafter by the subscriber, who will spare no pains to please, and respectfully solicits a liberal share of patronage.
HENRY BROWN.
Jan. 19—24

Sheriff's Sale.

BY virtue of a writ of vendition exposita, issued out of Cecil County Court, to me directed, will be sold at public sale, on SATURDAY the 7th day of February next, at the Court House door in Elkton, all the right, title, interest and claim of William Thompson, and to the Farm on which he now resides, containing TWO HUNDRED ACRES OF LAND, more or less, seized and taken as the property of said Thompson, and to be sold for CASH, to satisfy a debt due Maria Jones. Sale to take place between the hours of 1 and 3 o'clock, P. M.
GEO. McCULLOUGH,
Late Sheriff.
Jan. 17.

Land for Sale.

THE Subscriber is authorized to sell FIVE OR SIX HUNDRED ACRES of the north and north west part of the Principio or Cecil Furnace WOODLAND, it being that part adjoining Nottingham, and next to Port Deposit. It will be laid off in lots to suit purchasers.—There is a great deal of very valuable chestnut rail timber on these lots, and those who may want rail timber would do well to apply soon, for if the land is not sold soon, the timber will be cut off. Proposals will be received by me until the 15th of February next, for building a first rate Grist and Saw Mill, at the Old Cecil Furnace, on the Principio Creek. It is supposed that there is a sufficiency of Stone on the ground for building the mill. It is expected of those who may offer proposals, to find all the materials for the work except the stone.
I want immediately a number of hands, to cut, cord wood, and make rails on the Cecil Furnace Land, and to build a mill.
JOHN N. BLACK,
Manager for the Owners
Charlestown, Jan. 8—4w

Winter Arrangement.

THE Subscriber respectfully informs his friends and the public generally, that he has commenced running a two horse carriage from Elkton to Wilmington, via Newark, Christiansburg, and Newport, carrying the United States Mail, leaving Elkton every morning at 7 o'clock, and arriving in Wilmington by 11 o'clock; and will return the same day, leaving Wilmington at 1 o'clock, and arriving at Elkton by 5 o'clock.
Passage through from Elkton to Wilmington, \$1.25.
From Elkton to Newark, 50 cents.
From Newark to Wilmington, 75 cts.
JOSEPH MAHAN.
Jan. 17.

This is to give notice,

THAT the subscriber, of Cecil county, hath obtained from the Orphans' Court of said county, letters of administration on the personal estate of Samuel Jenness, late of said county, deceased.—All persons having claims against said deceased, are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof, duly authenticated, on or before the 17th day of July, 1855; they may otherwise, by law, be excluded from all benefit of said estate. Persons indebted to said estate, are requested to make immediate payment to the subscriber. Given under my hand, this 29th day of November, 1854.
DAVID JENNESS,
Administrator.
Dec. 18.

This is to give notice,

THAT the subscriber, of Cecil county, hath obtained from the Orphans' Court of said county, letters of administration on the personal estate of John Guttery, late of said county, deceased.—All persons having claims against said deceased, are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof, duly authenticated, on or before the 4th day of July, 1855; they may otherwise, by law, be excluded from all benefit of said estate. Persons indebted to said estate, are requested to make immediate payment to the subscriber. Given under my hand, this 29th day of November, 1854.
BENJAMIN W. HARRIS,
Administrator.
Dec. 18.

To all whom it may concern.

THE subscriber being impressed with the propriety of closing all unsettled accounts, without exception, at an early day as practicable, would respectfully request those indebted to the firms of Geo. Kidd & Co. and Kidd, Moore & Co. at Port Deposit, as also those indebted to the Store where he resides, to call at said places on or before the 1st day of February, 1855, and settle their respective accounts. Such as cannot make it convenient to pay at the time, their notes will be taken.
As Mr. Elijah Moore has it in view to leave the neighborhood next spring, it becomes absolutely necessary that all accounts due the Store at Port Deposit, should be closed by note, or otherwise, at the time above mentioned. Those not complying with the above just and reasonable request, may certainly expect, however unpleasant, to have their accounts placed in the hands of an officer for collection.
The undersigned would, at the same time, respectfully say to his friends and customers, that he is making arrangements for the coming year, to carry on the mercantile business at both establishments, still more extensively than heretofore; in the meantime, in order to reduce his stock of goods, which is very large and general, he will sell any article in the dry goods line very much at cost; and every other article at a small advance. Persons wanting cheap goods, or trunks or waste of any kind upon said property, either by cutting and hauling off timber or assisting in doing so, persons thus offending will be dealt with according to law.
AUGUSTUS MILLER.
Dec. 27.

AS the Attorney of the owner of the New Leeds Factory property, (late the Rev. John Wilson's) I would respectfully caution all persons from committing trespass or waste of any kind upon the said property, either by cutting and hauling off timber or assisting in doing so, persons thus offending will be dealt with according to law.
AUGUSTUS MILLER.
Dec. 27.

For Rent,

TWO FISHERIES
ON the North East river, known by the names of HANCOCK'S POINT and NEGRO SWAMP. For terms apply to ELIZABETH WINGATE.
Elkton Dec. 27th, 1854. If

Notice to the Public.

AS the Attorney of the owner of the New Leeds Factory property, (late the Rev. John Wilson's) I would respectfully caution all persons from committing trespass or waste of any kind upon the said property, either by cutting and hauling off timber or assisting in doing so, persons thus offending will be dealt with according to law.
AUGUSTUS MILLER.
Dec. 27.

LIST OF LETTERS

Remaining in the Post Office at Port Deposit, Md., Jan. 1, 1855.
A.—Samuel Aiken, Miss Hannah Allen.
B.—Doctor Broughton, John Barnes, Mrs. Mary Bailey, Lorenzo Blake.
C.—James Campbell, (colored) John Cleaver, William Coulter.
D.—Thomas L. Deshaaron, William W. Davis.
E.—Jacob Elston, 2.
F.—Loring Fenton, Obadiah Finn.
G.—Peter Grey, Edward Gray.
H.—William Howell, Mr. Hubbard, Henry Hubbard.
I.—William Irvin.
J.—Miss Mary, James Ebenezer Jenkins, Philip Johnson, Caleb Lockhart, Henry Long, David Lechner, Cornick Lynch, Horatio Lloyd, Mary Ann Lassell, S. S. Lewis.
M.—John McClintick.
N.—John Nesbitt.
O.—Samuel D. Orrick.
P.—Miss Jane Porter, Capt. William Patton.
S.—Mary M. Sidwell, E. Seofield, S. Thomas Shannon, Horatio Sherwood.
T.—Samuel M. Tudor, S. Robinson Thornton, Clara I. Turner.
W.—James Walker, Caleb Weatherby, S. Stephen Woodrough, Wm. Welch, Whitman Wilcox, S. John A. Webster.
ALLEN ANDERSON, P. M.
Jan. 17.

To Rent.

THE Subscriber will rent, the present year, his FARM on Little Elk, whereon Mr. Pearson now resides, and about two miles from Elkton. Attached to the premises are a first rate Saw Mill, a Clover Mill, and Great Mill, which will be rented together or separately—the former would be preferred.
JAMES SEWALL.
Jan. 17.

This is to give notice,

THAT the subscriber, of Cecil county, hath obtained from the Orphans' Court of said county, letters of administration on the personal estate of Jeremiah Baker, late of said county, deceased.—All persons having claims against said deceased, are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof, duly authenticated, on or before the 4th day of August, 1855; they may otherwise, by law, be excluded from all benefit of said estate. Persons indebted to said estate, are requested to make immediate payment to the subscriber. Given under my hand, this 29th day of November, 1854.
MARY BAKER,
Administratrix.
Dec. 15.

This is to give notice,

THAT the subscriber, of Cecil county, hath obtained from the Orphans' Court of said county, letters of administration on the personal estate of John Patterson, late of said county, deceased.—All persons having claims against said deceased, are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof, duly authenticated, on or before the 10th day of July, 1855; they may otherwise, by law, be excluded from all benefit of said estate. Persons indebted to said estate, are requested to make immediate payment to the subscriber. Given under my hand, this 29th day of November, 1854.
SAMUEL GAY,
ANN PATTERSON,
Administrators.
Dec. 15.

This is to give notice,

THAT the subscriber, of Cecil county, hath obtained from the Orphans' Court of said county, letters of administration on the personal estate of John Guttery, late of said county, deceased.—All persons having claims against said deceased, are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof, duly authenticated, on or before the 4th day of July, 1855; they may otherwise, by law, be excluded from all benefit of said estate. Persons indebted to said estate, are requested to make immediate payment to the subscriber. Given under my hand, this 29th day of November, 1854.
BENJAMIN W. HARRIS,
Administrator.
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BENJAMIN W. HARRIS,
Administrator.
Dec. 18.

A CARD.

INDIVIDUALS who are indebted to the New Cecil County and Kent County Road Company for way goods received and delivered at Frenchtown, will please call at this office and discharge the same.
In consequence of the large amount of way freights unpaid the last year compels me to say, no way goods in future will be delivered until the freight is paid.
WM. T. BARR.
Frenchtown, Jan. 10, 1855.

Strayed or Stolen,

ON the second of this month from the Subscriber, living in Newark, a large white and dun colored COW, with crooked horns. She was expected to calve in a few days. Whoever will give information so that I get her again, shall be handsomely rewarded.
SAMUEL C. FINLEY.
Jan. 10—3w

For Rent,

TWO FISHERIES
ON the North East river, known by the names of HANCOCK'S POINT and NEGRO SWAMP. For terms apply to ELIZABETH WINGATE.
Elkton Dec. 27th, 1854. If

Notice to the Public.

AS the Attorney of the owner of the New Leeds Factory property, (late the Rev. John Wilson's) I would respectfully caution all persons from committing trespass or waste of any kind upon the said property, either by cutting and hauling off timber or assisting in doing so, persons thus offending will be dealt with according to law.
AUGUSTUS MILLER.
Dec. 27.

LIST OF LETTERS

Remaining in the Post Office at Port Deposit, Md., Jan. 1, 1855.
A.—Samuel Aiken, Miss Hannah Allen.
B.—Doctor Broughton, John Barnes, Mrs. Mary Bailey, Lorenzo Blake.
C.—James Campbell, (colored) John Cleaver, William Coulter.
D.—Thomas L. Deshaaron, William W. Davis.
E.—Jacob Elston, 2.
F.—Loring Fenton, Obadiah Finn.
G.—Peter Grey, Edward Gray.
H.—William Howell, Mr. Hubbard, Henry Hubbard.
I.—William Irvin.
J.—Miss Mary, James Ebenezer Jenkins, Philip Johnson, Caleb Lockhart, Henry Long, David Lechner, Cornick Lynch, Horatio Lloyd, Mary Ann Lassell, S. S. Lewis.
M.—John McClintick.
N.—John Nesbitt.
O.—Samuel D. Orrick.
P.—Miss Jane Porter, Capt. William Patton.
S.—Mary M. Sidwell, E. Seofield, S. Thomas Shannon, Horatio Sherwood.
T.—Samuel M. Tudor, S. Robinson Thornton, Clara I. Turner.
W.—James Walker, Caleb Weatherby, S. Stephen Woodrough, Wm. Welch, Whitman Wilcox, S. John A. Webster.
ALLEN ANDERSON, P. M.
Jan. 17.

To Rent.

THE Subscriber will rent, the present year, his FARM on Little Elk, whereon Mr. Pearson now resides, and about two miles from Elkton. Attached to the premises are a first rate Saw Mill, a Clover Mill, and Great Mill, which will be rented together or separately—the former would be preferred.
JAMES SEWALL.
Jan. 17.

This is to give notice,

THAT the subscriber, of Cecil county, hath obtained from the Orphans' Court of said county, letters of administration on the personal estate of Jeremiah Baker, late of said county, deceased.—All persons having claims against said deceased, are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof, duly authenticated, on or before the 4th day of August, 1855; they may otherwise, by law, be excluded from all benefit of said estate. Persons indebted to said estate, are requested to make immediate payment to the subscriber. Given under my hand, this 29th day of November, 1854.
MARY BAKER,
Administratrix.
Dec. 15.

This is to give notice,

THAT the subscriber, of Cecil county, hath obtained from the Orphans' Court of said county, letters of administration on the personal estate of John Patterson, late of said county, deceased.—All persons having claims against said deceased, are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof, duly authenticated, on or before the 10th day of July, 1855; they may otherwise, by law, be excluded from all benefit of said estate. Persons indebted to said estate, are requested to make immediate payment to the subscriber. Given under my hand, this 29th day of November, 1854.
SAMUEL GAY,
ANN PATTERSON,
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BENJAMIN W. HARRIS,
Administrator.
Dec. 18.

POSTPONED Public Sale.

BY virtue of a decree of the High Court of Chancery of the State of Maryland, the undersigned Trustee will offer at public sale, at the House of John Donahoe, in Havre de Grace, on MONDAY the 15th day of February next, the following 15th day of February, situated in and valuable property, situated in and near Cecil county, upon and near the waters of the North East river and the Chesapeake Bay, being a part of the real estate of the late Col. William Ramsay, and sold for the payment of his debts:
All that valuable

FISHERY,

TOGETHER WITH

783 acres of Cleared Land

adjoining, known by the name of the "Green Bank Fishery," lying upon the North East river, about one mile above its entrance into the Chesapeake Bay. The excellence and value of this fishery are so generally known, that it might be considered almost unnecessary to enumerate the many advantages it possesses. It will, therefore, for the information of those who may be unacquainted with them, be sufficient to state, that in certainty of catching fish, both shad and herrings, and a ready fresh sale for them at the highest prices, the cheapness and economy with which it can be carried on, require no further explanation. It is a very shallow seine, which will last much longer than upon most other shores, and but few hands: the small capital required, as the extensive fresh sales never fail to supply it; and that it has never failed, when properly conducted, to furnish a handsome profit every season, however unfavorable it may have been, are a part of the advantages known to be possessed by this fishery, by those who are best acquainted with it.—Notwithstanding the unfavorable season of the last fishing season, and although carried on with wild and imperfect materials, 17,000 shad were caught, all which were sold fresh except 13 barrels. The fresh sales amounted to \$1619.30; in addition to which, a considerable number of barrels of salted herrings were put up.—The cleared land adjoining said fishery, containing 783 acres, and which will be sold with it, can be easily and advantageously improved with the off fish, scales, pickle, &c. derived from the fishery.
ALSO.—"That valuable farm called 'POPLAR POINT FARM,'

lying about a mile from Carpenter's Point on the Maryland shore, of the late Joseph Coudon, and the late Jeremiah Baker, deceased. This farm contains

1872 ACRES OF LAND

about 60 acres of which is

WOODLAND

of an excellent quality. The residue is ARABLE LAND, divided into six fields, under good fencing, a great part of which is in corn and rail, constructed with six chestnut rails and locust posts. The natural quality of this land is first rate, and it has been but little reduced from its original fertility: the late Col. Ramsay was offered and refused \$4,000 for this farm a few years ago.

WOODLAND

The improvements are a convenient TWO STORY HOUSE, nearly new, and kitchen adjoining, all in good repair, A FRAME BARN, Corn House, Meat House, Poultry House, a paled garden, well of excellent water at the door, &c. An ample supply of fish and ducks can be had at all times when in season. There is a FISHERY attached to this farm, which some years ago was carried on with advantage, but has been discontinued for several years past. It is believed by those who are best acquainted with the ground, that the channel running from Bull's Mountain and the White Banks to the mouth of the Susquehanna River could be fished from this shore.

WOODLAND

ALSO.—The following valuable tracts of WOODLAND: One piece or parcel of Woodland, being part of "Seneca," bounded by Shad Town Fishery, and belonging to the late Samuel Hogg, deceased, the main road leading to Carpenter's Point, and land of James Hason.—This piece contains 391 acres, well timbered and the remotest part is within 300 yards of navigable water of North East river.

WOODLAND

One other piece or parcel of Woodland, also part of "Seneca," bounded by the main road leading to Carpenter's Point, and land of James Hason.—This piece contains 391 acres, well timbered and the remotest part is within 300 yards of navigable water of North East river.

WOODLAND

ALSO.—All that land belonging to the said deceased, lying on the north side of the post road leading from Charlestown to the Susquehanna River, containing

388 Acres of Land,

about 100 acres of which is cleared, upon which there is a Dwelling House, a Barn, a Corn House, a number of Fruit Trees, &c. and is divided into three fields and a meadow. The residue is entirely Woodland, all thriving and being situated only about two miles from navigable water upon North East river, offers advantages to

WOODLAND

speculators, that seldom occur. Should purchasers wish it, the tract of land will be sold in parcels.
ALSO.—An unimproved Lot in the town of Havre-de-Grace, containing about half an acre, lying at the corner of Union and Congress Streets, opposite the church, and advantageously situated for improvement.
To those persons who may wish to view any of the above property they are referred to Mr. Henry Baker, living upon the Poplar Point Farm, who will show them the farm; Mr. John Gallagher, residing upon the land on the north side of the road leading from Charlestown to Susquehanna Ferry, will show that property; and Mr. Francis Owens, living at Carpenter's Point, or Mr. Adam Little, living near Green Bank, will show them the residue.
The Terms of Sale as prescribed by the decrees are:—That the purchaser shall pay one fourth of the purchase money on the day of sale, or on the ratification thereof by the Chancellor, and the other three fourths in equal instalments at six, nine, and twelve months; payment of the purchase money to be secured by bond or notes with security, to be approved by the Trustee. And on the ratification of the said sale or sales by the Chancellor, and on the payment of the whole purchase money (and not before), the undersigned, by a good and sufficient deed or deeds, executed and acknowledged agreeably to law, will convey to the purchaser or purchasers of said property, and to his, her, or their heirs, the property to him, her, or them sold, free, clear, and discharged of all claim of the parties of the said cause, and of any person or persons claiming by, from, or under them.
All persons having claims against said William W. Ramsay are hereby notified, under the said decree, to file their claims in the Chancery Office, properly vouched, within four months from the day of the aforesaid sale.
HENRY D. MILLER,
Dec. 20—18

WOODLAND

THE success which has attended the publication of the best Magazines from the English Press, has led to preparation for issuing a periodical more particularly adapted to the wants and tastes of the American public. While it will be the object of the proprietors to make the work strictly what its title indicates, it will, nevertheless, contain all articles of interest to its patrons which appear in foreign Magazines.
Extensive preparations have been entered into, both with artists and authors, to furnish from all parts of the Union, drawings and illustrations of every subject of interest, which the publishers confidently believe will enable them to issue a work honorable to its title, and acceptable to the American People.
The first number of the American Magazine, illustrated with upwards of twenty splendid engravings, will appear on or before the first of September, and contain English Literature, Science, Variety and beauty of which, in this country, will form an unceasing source of instruction and gratification; Engravings and descriptions of the character, habits &c. of Beasts, Birds, Fishes and Insects, together with every subject connected with the Geography, History, Natural and Artificial resources of the country, illustrated in a familiar and popular manner.
FREEMAN HUNT, Agent
of the Boston Seivick Company, 47 Court st.
Boston, December 15.
Subscriptions to the above work received at this office.

Blithenhouse's Patent Clover Mills,

Now generally in use in the States of Pennsylvania and New Jersey.

HAVING obtained the exclusive right to manufacture and sell the above patented PATENTED CLOVER MILLS for the State of Maryland, the subscriber would inform the public that he is now prepared to make to order the said Mills, varying in price from \$20 to \$50. The above Mills may be worked by hand, horse, or water power, and will Lull from two to five bushels of clover seed per day when worked by hand, and run about one hour, when worked by horse or water power. These Mills will get out from 100 to 500 bushels of seed without requiring the slightest repair.

Persons wishing to examine these Mills will please call at the subscriber's shop in Elkton, where orders will be promptly received and punctually attended to. The Mills will be warranted, and if they do not perform as represented, the money will be returned.

Parties will save in one season the price of one of these Mills. No farmer, therefore, should be without one who makes any use of clover seed.

JOHN ALDRIDGE.
Elkton, Nov 22—1f

GEORGE PEACOCK.

PROPRIETOR OF THE

AMERICAN HOTEL,

No. 56, Pratt st., Baltimore.

Returns his thanks to his friends and the public, for the liberal patronage bestowed upon his establishment since his commencement in this city. Having gone to considerable expense in fitting up his house to promote their comfort and convenience, and in rendering it as comfortable as any in this city, he respectfully solicits a continuance of the same, as he will spare no pains to merit it.

Gentlemen can be accommodated with private rooms, and Families travelling, with private parlors and bed-rooms, with the best of beds and furnished in the neatest and most modern style. His house is situated in the most pleasant part of the city; the Rail Road cars pass his door; it is contiguous to the Steam Boats, Public Stage Offices, &c. &c.
December 18, 1854.

Personal Discharge.

KENT COUNTY, Ct.

On the application of Charles T. Love- day, of Kent county, by petition in writing to the Justices of Kent County Court, stating that he was in confinement for debts which he was unable to pay, and praying said Court to grant to him the benefit of the insolvent laws of this state, a schedule of his property and a list of his creditors, on oath, as far as he can ascertain them, being annexed to his petition; and the said Charles T. Love day having satisfied the said court, by competent testimony, that he has resided two years next preceding the time of his application within the State of Maryland; and the said Court having appointed Mr. L. Strandberg a trustee for the benefit of the creditors of the said Charles T. Love day; and the said trustee having given bond, with security approved by me, for the faithful performance of his said trust, and the said trustee being in possession of all the property of the said insolvent debtor (the necessary wearing apparel and bedding of himself and family excepted) for the benefit of his creditors.— And the said Court do hereby grant a personal discharge to the said Charles T. Love day; and do hereby appoint and fix the first Wednesday in the next March term of Kent County Court, for the appearance of the said Charles T. Love day, to answer such interrogatories as may be propounded by any of his creditors, and do also appoint and fix the first Wednesday in the next March term of said County Court for the final hearing of said application, and do also order that the said Charles T. Love day, by causing a copy of this notice and order to be inserted in one of the newspapers printed on the Eastern Shore of Maryland, once a week for three successive months before the third Monday of March next, give notice to his creditors to appear before the said Kent County Court on the first Wednesday in the next March term to show cause, if any they have, why the said Charles T. Love day should not have the benefit of the insolvent laws as aforesaid.
Test, J. N. GORDON, CLK.
True copy. Test,
JOS. N. GORDON, CLK.
Nov. 8 of Kt. Cy. Ct. Md.

WOODLAND

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WOODLAND

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